Activity of Hottuynia cordata against COVID 19 through deactivation of RNA-dependednt RNA polymerase of COVID-19 (6VYO)

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Abstract: An in-silico study was performed to determine the activity of Hottuynia cordata against COVID 19. Molecular docking using Biovia Discovery Studio was performed to identify the phytochemical responsible to deactivate RNA-dependednt RNA polymerase of COVID-19 (6VYO) enzyme. It was found that Coumarin helped to prevent COVID 19.

Introduction: Hottuynia cordata is known for its medicinal activities. It is used as a fresh herbal garnish. In northeastern India, it is commonly used in salads and as a garnish over side dishes. The tender roots can also be ground into chutneys along with dry meat or fish, chilies, and tamarind. It is taken raw as salad and cooked along with fish as fish curry. In Japan and Korea, its dried leaves may be used as a tea. Houttuynia cordata was used in traditional Chinese medicine.

The plant is classified as follows:

Kingdom	Plantae
Division	Tracheophytes
Class	Angiosperms
Order	Piperales
Family	Saururaceae
Genus	Houttuynia
Species	cordata

Major phytochemicals present in the plant are:

- a. Lupeol
- b. Peonidin
- c. Coumarin
- d. Malvidin

One of the major enzymes required for the survival of the organism causing COVID 19 is RNA-dependednt RNA polymerase of COVID-19 (6VYO) enzyme. The objective of this work is to find the phytochemical that can deactivate the enzyme, thereby preventing the physiological activity of the organism.

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