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Resources Utilization by the Uarmer in Pakajhola Village of Koraput District of Odisha

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Abstract: Koraput district is located in the backtop of green valleys contemplating immaculate freshness in the state of Odisha. The research was conducted in the Pakajhola village of Koraput district for the analysis of most utilising resources by the local farmers. Here both the ICT measures and sources of information scenario were analysed. Frequency and percentage of different sources and ICT measures were measured. According to the analysed data, we found that Whatsapp was the most used social media and KVK so also AAO offices were the most used sources for the information by the farmers.

Keywords: Resources utilisation, ICT, Social media

Agricultural Extension

Koraput district located in the backdrop of green valleys contemplating immaculate freshness, was established on 1st April,1936. Decorated by forests, waterfalls, terraced valleys and darting springs, the district draws the nature loving people. The Koraput district lies at 17.4 degree to 20.7 degree North latitude and 81.24 degree to 84.2 degree east longitude. The district has got 2 sub divisions namely Koraput and Jeypore. There are total 14 Tahsils, 12 Blocks, 3 Municipalities, 1 NAC, 23 police stations, 2028 villages and 240 Gram panchayats functioning in the District of Koraput.

Out of 240 Gram panchayats, Pakajhola village gram panchayat is one of them. It is comes under Semiliguda Taluk of Koraput district. This place is in the border of the koraput and Visakhapatnam district. Demographics of Pakajhola Odia is the local language. Many of villagers depends upon Agriculture only.

The economy of Koraput district is primarily based upon forestry and agriculture (Including shifting cultivation), the bulk of commodities used domestically for every day use are agricultural and forest products, the district with semi evergreen to deciduous vegetation endowed with various wild plants as a natural resource. Agriculture is the mainstay of the economy of the Koraput district because around 83 percent depends on it. The soil and climate in the district are favorable for taking up of agro horticultural activities.

Mainly Pakajhola Farmers Utilization pattern of Agriculture sources are Krushi Vigyan Kendra (KVK), Agriculture Office, RRTTS and Regional Centre of CSWCRTI. Mainly they depends upon KVK for any agricultural related information. They gained knowledge regarding any agricultural practices from different agriculture scientist of KVK. Through different ICT tools farmers are well being advance now a days. As we are proceeding towards modern agriculture, we are