A REVIEW ON STUDY TO ASSESS THE EFFECTIVENESS OF STRUCTURE REGARDING POSTPARTUM PSYCHOSIS AMONG PREGNANT IN COMMUNITY AREA:

Siprarani Sahoo and Sunita Mishra

Department of Zoology, School of Applied Sciences, Centurion University of Technology and Management, Odisha

ABSTRACT

"A study to assess the effectiveness of structured teaching programme on knowledge regarding postpartum psychosis among pregnant women in community area.

A study is conducted among the pregnant women in community area. Sample size was 30, were selected through non probability convenient sampling technique. The finding shows that the pregnant women have good knowledge regarding postpartum psychosis.

Keywords: Structured teaching, postpartum psychosis, Pregnancy *, pregnant women*

METHODOLOGY

The research approach used for study was descriptive study designs. The dependable variables were effectiveness of structured teaching programme on knowledge regarding postpartum psychosis.

The setting of the study was done in a community area of sambalpur district. Non probability convenient sampling size was 30 pregnant women.

The tool used for this study constitutes two sections:-

Section 1:

It consist of demographic data of age, educational qualification, occupation, religion, mental status, type of family, no. of pregnancy, food habits, types of community, sources of previous knowledge.

Section 2:

It consists of standardized tool of postpartum psychosis of 30 item questionnaires scale.

Expert gave content validity of the standardized tool and it found to be reliable and feasible during the pilot study.

The data collection was done. The gathered data was analyzed and interpreted in terms of objectives of the study.

THE RESULT OF THE STUDY

The result of the study indicates that there is good knowledge level regarding postpartum psychosis among pregnant women. After the standardized questionnaires applied the score was among the pregnant women, majority of them have good knowledge 53.3%, 3.3% are having average knowledge and 43.3% are having excellent knowledge.

Analysis reveals that, majority of the good knowledge regarding postpartum psychosis among pregnant women. Data analysis reveals that there is no significant relationship between the postpartum psychosis and demographic variables.

CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

The finding of the study shows that there is level of knowledge is good among the pregnant women after the structured teaching programme.

1. Present study shows that the level of knowledge is good among pregnant women.

2. Data analysis reveals that there is no significant relationship between the knowledge on postpartum psychosis and demographic variable.