

Activity of *Taracetium vulgare* against Herpes through deactivation of Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9)

Binita Pradhan¹, Atia Arzoo²

¹pbinita1996@gmail.com

²atia.arzoo@cutm.ac.in

Centurion University of Technology and Management, Odisha, India

Abstract: An in-silico study was performed to determine the activity of *Taracetium vulgare* against Herpes. Molecular docking using Biovia Discovery Studio was performed to identify the phytochemical responsible to deactivate Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9) enzyme. It was found that Alliin helped to prevent Herpes.

Introduction: *Taracetium vulgare* is known for its medicinal activities. In larger doses the plant can procure an abortion, though these doses can be poisonous. Externally, tansy is used as a poultice on swellings, herpes and some eruptive skin diseases.

The plant is classified as follows:

Kingdom	Plantae
Division	Tracheophyta
Class	Magnoliopsida
Order	Asterales
Family	Asteraceae
Genus	<i>Taracetum</i>
Species	<i>vulgare</i>

Major phytochemicals present in the plant are:

- a. Pelletierine
- b. Alliin
- c. Theobromine
- d. Quercetin

One of the major enzymes required for the survival of the organism causing Herpes is Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9) enzyme. The objective of this work is to find the phytochemical that can deactivate the enzyme, thereby preventing the physiological activity of the organism.