Activity of Momordia charantia against Herpes through deactivation of Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9)

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Abstract: An in-silico study was performed to determine the activity of Momordia charantia against Herpes. Molecular docking using Biovia Discovery Studio was performed to identify the phytochemical responsible to deactivate Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9) enzyme. It was found that Curcumin helped to prevent Herpes.

Introduction: Momordia charantia is known for its medicinal activities. Juice of the leaves is used to treat piles and herpes.

The plant is classified as follows:

Kingdom	Plantae
Division	Tracheophyta
Class	Magnoliopsida
Order	Cucurbitales
Family	Cucurbitaceae
Genus	Momordia
Species	charantia

Major phytochemicals present in the plant are:

- a. Curcumin
- b. Ascorbic acid
- c. Sulforaphane
- d. Digoxin

One of the major enzymes required for the survival of the organism causing Herpes is Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9) enzyme. The objective of this work is to find the phytochemical that can deactivate the enzyme, thereby preventing the physiological activity of the organism.

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