Activity of Conyza aegyptica against Herpes through deactivation of Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9)

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Abstract: An in-silico study was performed to determine the activity of Conyza aegyptica against Herpes. Molecular docking using Biovia Discovery Studio was performed to identify the phytochemical responsible to deactivate Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9) enzyme. It was found that Limonene helped to prevent Herpes.

Introduction: Conyza aegyptica is known for its medicinal activities. The whole plants used to treat herpes, wound, skin diseases and toothache.

The plant is classified as follows:

Kingdom	Plantae
Division	Tracheophyta
Class	Dicotyledonae
Order	Asterales
Family	Asteraceae
Genus	Conyza
Species	aegyptiaca

Major phytochemicals present in the plant are:

- a. Theobromine
- b. Epicatechin
- c. Catechin
- d. Limonene

One of the major enzymes required for the survival of the organism causing Herpes is Herpes Simplex virus type 1 DNA polymerase (2GV9) enzyme. The objective of this work is to find the phytochemical that can deactivate the enzyme, thereby preventing the physiological activity of the organism.

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